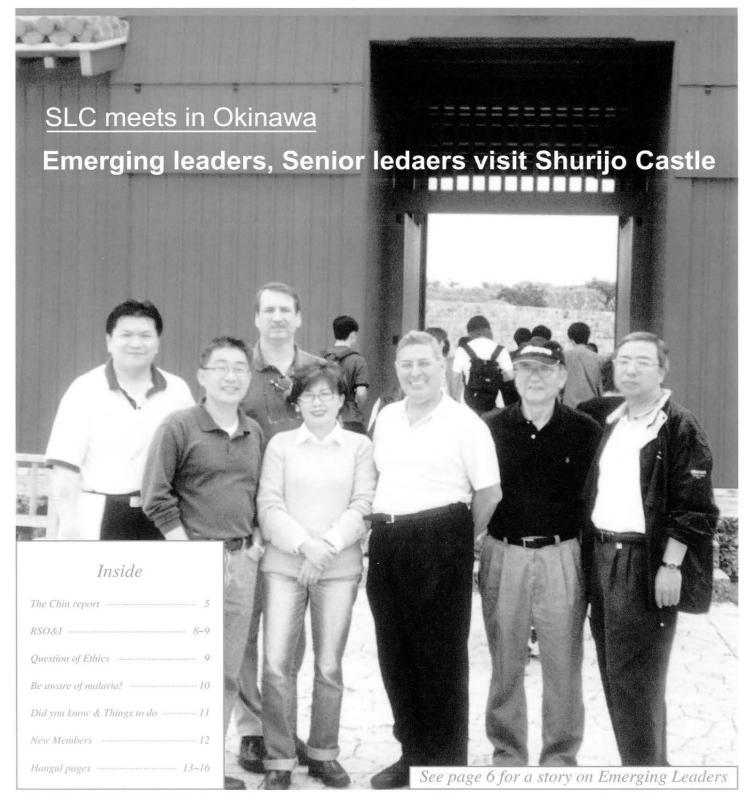


East Gate Edition

U.S. Army Corps of Engineer Far East District

April 2002

Volume 12, Number 04



From the Commander



COL Gregory Kuhr

Culture

Today I want to discuss the FED "culture" and how it makes us so successful. Our organizational culture is displayed everyday in how we interact with each other, how we get our work done, how we socialize, and how personal conflicts develop. All leaders are taught the importance of understanding their organization's culture if they hope to successfully lead. So what is FED's CULTURE?

What is culture? It's how members of an organization do things. It is a combination of values, customs, traditions, and beliefs that, over time, has created a shared institutional attitude. From this culture springs common expectations regarding standards of behavior, discipline, teamwork, loyalty, selfless duty, and customs. I am sure that each of you has your own perception of what our culture is, but let me tell you some of my perceptions.

First, I believe most em-

ployees are very proud to work for FED. Every year the District makes a significant contribution towards improving the facilities and quality of life of US service members. Since 1957 FED has earned a reputation for quality work. From all of our customers I hear - "If you want it done right, get FED to do it." This pride causes us to work even harder and dedicate ourselves to accomplishing each task correctly.

Secondly, FED has a unique workforce because it is half Korean National (KN) and half US civilians. Our KN employees come to FED with different background and experiences, and thus different attitudes, philosophies and beliefs. For instance many of our Korean employees work for FED for over 20 years, while our US employees usually stay less then 5 years. This is a strength for FED because our Korean employees bring continuity and historical knowledge while our US employees bring experiences from work at other Districts oragencies. This combination works extremely well in balancing old and new ways of doing things.

Next, our culture has been that the US employees are the interface with our customers while our Korean employees have been limited to technical positions. The result is that our US employees hold most of our supervisory positions. This is a natural alignment of responsibilities given the language difficulties; however, it also has unintended consequences. Our Korean employees have few opportunities beyond the KGS-11 level because there are few non-supervisory higher grades.

Respect for seniority is a Korean societal trait that also brings strength to the District. However, it can also inhibit junior KN employees from expressing their valuable opinions or challenging engineering judgments. US employees are less reluctant to challenge their seniors, although hopefully always in a respectful manner. As long as we always treat each other with dignity and respect, listening to opposing opinions only makes us a stronger organization.

FED needs all employees empowered to achieve their potential without organizational or cultural restrictions. Are you being held back from reaching your goals? Is it an FED cultural trait that prevents you from advancing? Remember that our culture is also a source of strength and one of the principle reasons we are so successful. Be proud of our culture but also don't be hesitant to challenge the

(continued on page 12)

Check out the Far East District web site at Http://www.pof.usace.army.mil

Safety & Health

Contractor Quarterly Safety Award

by Glenna B. Smith, SO

LG Engineering and
Construction Corporation was
selected as FED's Outstanding
Safety Contractor for the 1st
quarter of FY02, for their efforts
on Contract # DACA81-01-C0020, Whole Barracks Renewal
located at Camp Humphreys. All
contractors working on projects
for the US Army Corps of Engineers can be considered for this
award. This award is for safe
performance of work accomplished by the contractor during the
quarter.

Each Resident Office reviews all of their contractors and projects using the Quarterly Contractors Evaluation Report, for the rating period and considers them for nomination.

In order to be eligible for nomination the contractor must have received an outstanding rating in all safety elements, which is verified through the Construction Contract Administrative Support System (CCASS) and the Contractors Performance Evaluation (DD Form 2626). Contractors must consistently demonstrate outstanding safety initiatives and have high marks for compliance to EM 385-1-1, Safety and Occupational Health Requirements Manual.

Resident Offices with contractors meeting the requirements present their nomination package to the selection board. The package is reviewed, voted upon and the selection is made.

LG's commitment to Safety has earned them this award. LG has a proactive Safety Engineer and staff who continually strive to improve safety. During monthly safety meetings LG promotes safety by recognizing an employee for outstanding safety performance and presents them with an award. Congratulations to LG Engineering and Construction Corporation and employees. Thanks for staying committed to safety and remember,



Mr. Maing, Won-jai, Senior Executive Vice President of LG Engineering & Construction Corp. recieves the award from COL Gregory Kuhr, Commander, FED.

"There's No Alternative For Safety".

Safety News

Mr. Dong, Sang-Bum, Safety Engineer for Samwha Construction

Company, was awarded Safety Coin # 100, on Feb 26th, for a greatly improved safety program.

Mr. Don Wood, QAR, Tongduchon Resident Office, was awarded Safety Coin #94 on Feb 8th, for excellent site safety.

Mr. Cho, Du-Ho, Project Manager for BECCO Construction Company was awarded Safety Coin #95 on Feb 8th, for an excellent safety program.

Mr. Fred T. Davis, Deputy Chief, Construction Div., FED, was awarded Safety Coin #98 on March 20th, for outstanding support in accident prevention.

> Mr. Matt McCullough, Asst. Project Engineer, Seoul Project Office was awarded Safety Coin #99 on March 12th, for excellent safety support.

FED Safety Day will be held May 22, 2002. If you would like to present a topic during Safety Day, have areas of concern or training topics that you would like to see addressed, please let us

know here at the Safety Office.

Contractor Safety Certification Course is scheduled for 24-26 April at FED in the VTC room.

The Deputy's Word



by LTC Charles Markham Deputy Commander

Calendar Update

Greetings from the Deputy's Desk. Spring has sprung, and with it comes a busy time of the year for us all. This spring is especially busy with special District events and visitors. I want to quickly update you all on some of these important upcoming District events and dates.

On or about 14 May, we will honor Mr. Jack Church for his dedicated service as a Government Civil Servant with a retirement luncheon. Watch for upcoming fliers on the time and location. The District will host its annual Safety Day on Wednesday, 22 May. The Safety Office is planning a great day with your input. However, to make it successful, we need your ideas and participation. Please help us out. We'll be looking for a new safety slogan too! On Friday, 24 May, we will farewell COL and Mrs. Kuhr at the picnic area between buildings S-67 and S-68. The Divisions and Separate Offices will have the opportunity to say thanks and present their special gifts to the outgoing commander. I anticipate a fun, informal event in showing our sincere appreciation.

In June, we will host the visiting Chief of Engineers and his wife, LTG and Mrs. Flowers. In conjunction with the chief's visit, BG and Mrs. Johnson will also honor

FED with their presence. Both parties will participate in the District Change of Command scheduled for Monday, 10 June at 0900, here on the FED Compound. The incoming commander, COL Frank Kosich, will take command during the ceremony. Following COL Kosich's reception, we will conduct a District Town Hall Meeting the next morning. We're coordinating for a large ballroom to hold the meeting in, so again, watch for upcoming announcements on the



exact location. LTG Flowers plans to depart Korea on 12 June.

Another important event is scheduled for Friday, 14 June, the District's Organizational Day. This date allows COL Kosich to host the event and meet more of you, his new employees, and our school-aged children can participate because school is officially out for the summer that morning. We plan to continue

with the same type of venue as the previous years with good food and games for everyone.

COL Kosich will depart
Korea around 15 June to attend a
USACE pre-command course and
pack up his family for their PCS to
FED. My replacement, LTC Paul
Cramer, will arrive on 17 July. He is
a former Project Engineer in the
Tongduchon Resident Office, so he
knows FED. I expect him to hit the
ground running.

I will depart FED on 27 June, headed to Oregon as the Deputy for the Portland District. My family and I are excited to remain with USACE and live on the West Coast.

Expect to see more information on all of these important events. I will be forming and planning PDTs for the DE's farewell event, Change of Command ceremony and Organization Day. We're always looking for energetic volunteers and good ideas. Please join us.

As always, remain safe and think before you act. Practice good risk management principles and don't forget: "There's No Alternative for Safety."

Serving the District and you!

The Chin Report



by Allen Chin, Deputy for Programs and Project Management

RMB and SLC, what?

In case you're wondering, RMB and SLC stand for Regional Management Board and Senior Leaders Conference. And if you didn't know, the Pacific Ocean Divisions (POD) RMB was held 6,7, and 8 Mar 02 in Tokyo, Japan and the POD SLC was held in Okinawa, Japan on 11-15 March 02. I had the good fortune to attend both events.

The RMB meets three times a year and the SLC meets once a year. The RMB consists of the Chiefs of Resource Management Office, PPMD, and Technical Division from each of the Districts within POD as well as the office chiefs from POD. The SLC consists of senior leaders from each District and POD; namely the Division and District Commanders, Division Chiefs and Staff Chiefs. In this particular SLC, Emerging Leaders from throughout POD were invited to attend and participate.

The RMB topics presented and discussed were very exciting. I

especially liked the discussion on "Battle Rhythm". This is where we laid out the plan for our Regional Business Process. This process included reviewing our budget process, manpower, PMBP, ISO 9001 certification, etc. It will also assess the effect of our current processes on our customers and stakeholders.

Now I really like this part because we keep talking about PMBP, PDT ISO, etc. But this is where we will bring in our customers' perceptions of how our business processes affect them. We also had a high intensity (fun) session with CH2MHILL who ran us through some PMBP exercises. On the last day of the RMB, we were treated with an enlightening presentation on the Learning Organization; something we should always strive to be.

Even though I thought the RMB was exciting and stimulating, the SLC was even more exciting because of the addition of the Commanding General and the District Commanders as well as the rest of the senior leaders from throughout POD. The SLC was packed with high-energy leaders, well-focused presentations, and lively breakout sessions. We even experienced the adventure of being the last occupants of old "vintage" billeting that was due to be demolished after our departure. A key focus of the SLC was for us to collectively refine the POD Campaign Plan, which directs us into a vision of where we want to go. The Emerging Leaders added a lot of spice to the SLC with their presentations on "Recruitment and Retention" and their astute observations of their senior leaders in action. Even though you may think that we experienced a harsh 12 hour workday everyday, we did find time to enjoy a Karaoke Night, Awards Dinner, and a Staff Ride.

The Battle of Okinawa Staff
Ride was a highlight of the week and
was an event where we all traveled
by bus to various World War II
battle sites in Okinawa and at each
site, each District and POD gave a
true account of the fierce battle. It
was an amazing and sobering sight to
walk into the elaborate tunnels where
the Japanese soldiers were living and
fighting from in 1945.

The high energy level of the participants in both events was exciting and contagious. At the SLC, we benefited from having both the senior leaders and emerging leaders share their perspective and view of things from where they sit. This was all great stuff.

In conclusion, although the RMB and SLC were about looking at our processes from a regional perspective and charting a strategic plan for the future, they were also about having an enjoyable experience.



Emerging Leaders!

by Julie Park

Have you met the Far East District's (FED) Emerging Leaders (ELs)? Do you know who they are and what they do? And more importantly, why they are emerging leaders?

Each year some outstanding individuals have been selected as the emerging leaders to represent each district in POD for two years. The Emerging Leaders Program (ELP) is a Division sponsored program open to all GS/KGS 09 through 12 grade levels. The program is designed to provide ELs with exposure to senior leadership and to give them opportunities to refine as well as examine their own and each other's leadership skills.

In 1999, the ELP was updated to include that participants complete a project that will make an impact on the operation process of the Corps. In 1999, Ms. Sin, Hee-bok, RMO, Ms. Kim, Yong-son, IMO, and Mr. Curtis Lypek were selected as ELs. As the Class of 2000, this graduating class includes Mr. Lenny Kim, Project and Programs Manager, PPMD, Dr. Pak, Chonpom, Supervisory Geologist, Geotech Branch, and Mr. John Ghim, Project Engineer, Hospital Resident Office, were selected. 2001 ELs were Mr. Steve Truong, Project Engineer, PPMD and Ms. Cho, Yong-wool, accountant, Resource Management Office. And finally, just a couple of months ago Mr. Gary

Chaney, Central Resident Office, and Mr. Yu, Chae-hwang were selected as 2002 ELs to carry the torch for the next two years.

If you happen to run into these ELs, you should make an effort to talk with them about the ELP because it's more than likely that you will want to become one yourself afterwards.

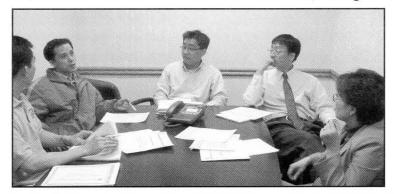
You may be asking yourself, "What does it take to

more of a participant," said Mr. Steve Truong, 2001 EL.

So, how does it exactly elevate your sense of leadership?

"It (ELP) forces you to be more vocal in speaking out on behalf of the Corps with a sense of purpose," said Truong. "It makes you work harder as you are trying to squeeze more time into a day."

Ms. Cho, Young-wool,



To complete their project the emerging leaders, (from left to right) Mr. Steve Truong, Dr. Pak, Chun-pom, Mr. Yu, Chae-hwang, Mr. Lenny Kim, and Ms. Cho, Yong-wol, met after work to discuss the progress of each other's shared duties.

become an EL, and is there a specific skill or talent you need to have in order to be selected?" Many of the ELP alums will tell you that they applied for the program with strong recommendations from their branch/office supervisors. However, such recommendation is not necessary. Any person with self-confidence and desire to elevate their leadership skill to another level can apply.

"I elected to participate in the program so that I can learn more about myself, grow and be also a 2001 EL, agrees. "I used to just focus on completing the duties and mission placed upon me, but since my participation in ELP, I want to actually do something to make a positive impact for the Corps."

"Until my trip to Hawaii for the Leadership training, I never really felt like I belonged to the Corps," added Cho. "The training was very emotional and stimulating. Afterwards, I felt like I belonged to this organization and that feeling was created through personal relationships and the



A group photo from 2002 Senior Leaders Conference, which was held in Okinawa, Japan in March.

bond that was built up during the training."

As their ELP projects, 2000 and 2001 ELs worked on a Recruitment and Retention project, which the group representatives successfully introduced during the Senior Leadership Conference (SLC) at Okinawa, Japan. Along with ELs from other POD districts the group also discussed, brain-stormed. and made presentations on this year's main theme, "Building a Regional Business Center". They also participated in discussion on the "Battle of Okinawa during WWII" as a team exercise.

"The ELs were given the additional task of determining and presenting an initial proposal for transforming POD into a 'Learning Organization'. Although a lot was accomplished during SLC, I expect that my fellow ELs in POD and I still have a lot of work to do," said one of this year's enthusiastic ELs, Mr. Yu, Chae-

hwang.

The group conducted surveys and studies from FED to prepare for the project. To prepare for the discussion, each EL read up on the subject during their personal time.

So, you can see that it's not just the title. As an EL you really have to put in a good



One of the newest members of the Emerging Leaders, Mr. Gary Chaney, Central Resident Office.

amount of effort and your own time to improve and satisfy yourself.

Mr. Lenny Kim, a class of 2000 EL, talked about his feelings as he is close to graduating from the program. "I'm satisfied with the program. I wish I had more time to fully dedicate myself to the project, though."

After all the hard work, the gains and benefits of the program are tremendous.

"I have learned about the human skills that are more delicate and subtle than the technical skills I have been trained for during my professional career," said Truong.

As a newcomer to the program, a 2002 EL, Mr. Gary Chaney says, "By participating in this program, I may be able to put all the bits and pieces together from a corporate perspective which will help me to better understand the other side of the fence and solve problems in a more productive and professional way."

Any advices for the future emerging leaders?

"This is serious stuff," said Chaney. "Watch out what you ask for, you may get it."

RSO&I

by Mitchel Glenn, Security, Plans & Operations Office

The Pacific Ocean Division (POD) and the Far East District (POF) participated in the Receiving, Staging, Onward Movement and Integration 2002 (RSO&I '02) Exercise from 20-27 March. This year's exercise was a little different from the past due to the addition of the following items.

- New Emergency Operations Center (EOC) on Camp Walker with twice the space that we used to have on Camp Henry.
- Second Fixed Tele-Engineering System. The first one is located in bldg
 S-81 on the FED Compound in Seoul and new one is in the POF EOC on Camp Walker.
- Secret Internet Protocol Router Network
 (SIPRNET, classified computer) connection to communicate with other agencies and individuals worldwide.
- Two LAN systems; one for unclassified and the other for classified information.

Due to the 11 September 2001 attack, all of the reservists that normally support FED during the Joint Chiefs of Staff (JCS) Exercise were called to active duty in other locations. However, we received two reservists for one

year tours to assist in the Emergency Management Office (EM) as well as 6 additional Troop Programs Unit (TPU) Reservists from other units came to assist us, plus a small core of POF personnel.

Prior to the exercise, EM sponsored a training class called Theater Construction Management System (TCMS). The instructors came out of Huntsville Engineering Support Center. TCMS is a software package that allows the engineers to quickly design projects to the initial standards. All the standard drawings are in English units. Our Engineering Division's Bob Kiehm has been working on developing a metric

Myong and Scott Lowdermilk departed on Monday, 18 March to open up the buildings, setup new equipment and perform a Communications Exercise (COMMEX) with POD. On Monday and Tuesday, the main body attended the TCMS class and a series of briefings on what to expect during the exercise.

On Wednesday, 20
March, the main body departed and convoyed down to Taegu and the Liaison Officers (LNOs) linked up with the HQs/Components they were supporting.
Upon arrival, we received a message from POD that the Chief of Engineers wanted Korea to submit a video of FED wishing



Participants from Theather Construction Management Systems training course took time out to pose for a group photo.

version of these drawings and a list of local materials.

The Advance Party, including Jerry Giefer, Pat Crays, Ken Pickler, Kyu Han, No-hyun

the Corps of Engineers happy birthday. The exercise participants did a Video Tele-conference with Engineering Research & Development Center (ERDC) in Vicksburg, MS, which recorded our message in both Hangul and English.

When the LNOs received a request for assistance from the HQs/Component engineer staff, that request was passed back to the Executive Officer/S-3. A determination was made if POF could fulfill the requirements or if we would use our Reach Back capability for assistance. There were several requests for assistance, which were passed via secure communications back to ERDC to get Subject Matter Experts (SME) to work the issue. Normally within a few days, answers were returned.

The Project Manager (PM) and TCMS crew were working on updating the Contingency Construction List (CCL). The CCL is a list of projects consolidated at USFK, prioritized and sent to FED for design. The projects would either be constructed by a contractor or by a troop unit. Several of these projects were sent to POD, who then divided them between POH and POJ for design assistance.

This exercise was a 24 hours operation, so yes, there were people working in the EOC around the clock. We did receive requests for information at all hours of the day and night. These were all handled in a very professional manner and we received good reports back from our customers.

My thanks to all the participants on a very well executed exercise. I look forward to working with the rest of you in upcoming exercises.

Question of Ethics

by Lawrence Vogan, OC

Chulsoo, a project manager, and Younghee, an engineer, are TDY in Malaysia as part of an FED team exploring a business opportunity assisting the Malaysian military in constructing a hospital at one of their installations.

While off duty, Chulsoo and Younghee see a print shop with ornate business cards displayed in the window and, since they gave out their last business cards at a meeting with Malay army officers, they decide to order some business cards for use on the job. After intense negotiations with the proprietor, Chulsoo and Younghee agree on the design and price for 500 business cards each. The design is patterned after a Malay Army Engineer card and the cost is USD25.00 each. Chulsoo makes the purchase and charges it to his travel card. Younghee also purchases 500 business cards with cash. After returning from TDY, Chulsoo claims the cost of the business cards on his travel voucher. Younghee does not claim the cards on her voucher. Both Chulsoo and Younghee use the business cards in doing their jobs. If you were processing Chulsoo's voucher how would you handle the claim for the business cards? Why? Is it appropriate for Chulsoo and Younghee to use the business cards as designed in their jobs?

(Answer on page 10)

April Focus



Name: Rikky Rice Job Title: Quality Assurance Representative, Osan AB How long have you been with the Corps?: I served over 30 years in US Air Force. I'm a

retired Chief Master Sergeant (E-9) and I started working with FED on November 1995. I worked in various assignments while serving in the Air Force. In Europe, I worked in Germany, France, Spain, Turkey and Greeece. In the Middle East, I have been to Israel and Jordan. Finally, in the Far East, I have been in Japan, China and now Korea.

Family?: I am married with one son here in Korea.

Where were you born?: I was born in Panama, but on record my home town is Corpus Christi, Texas.

What do you think of FED?: I LOVE working for FED!

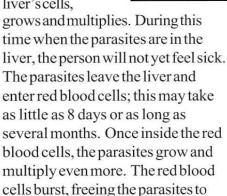
Be aware of malaria!

by Edward Primeau, Safety & Health Office

In 1993 there was a resurgence of malaria in Korea. While malaria cases occur throughout Korea, areas north of Seoul have the highest incidence and risk of malaria transmissions. The following information is provided to inform FED employees about Malaria.

Malaria is a serious, sometimes fatal, disease caused by the parasite, Plasmodium vivax. Humans get malaria from the bite of a malaria-infected mosquito. The parasite goes from the mosquito's

mouth to the person's blood. The parasite then travels to the person's liver, enters the liver's cells.



attack other red blood cells. Toxins

are also released into the blood.

making the person feel sick.

Symptoms of malaria include fever and flu-like illness, including shaking chills, headache, muscle aches, and tiredness. Nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea may also occur. Malaria may cause anemia and jaundice (yellow coloring of the skin and eyes) because of the loss of red blood cells.

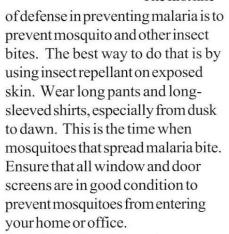
For most people, symptoms

begin 10 days to 4 weeks after infection, although a person may feel ill as early as 8 days or up to 1 year. P. vivax can relapse; it can rest in the liver for several months up to 4 years after a person is bitten by an infected mosquito. When the parasite comes out of hibernation and begins invading red blood cells, the person will become sick.

Prescription drugs can cure malaria. The type of drugs and length of treatment depend on the kind of malaria diagnosed, where the

> patient was infected, the age of the patient, and how severely ill the patient was at the start of treatment.

The first line



Early diagnosis and treatment are important to minimize the seriousness of the infection. Therefore, if you or your family experience any of the above symptoms, consult your physician immediately.

If you have any questions please contact Mr. Edward Primeau, Safety and Occupational Health Office, 721-7114.

Answer to Question of Ethics

(From page 9)

DoD and DA policies do not authorize the commercial printing of business cards at government expense. There are only limited exceptions and those exceptions do not apply to Chulsoo's purchase.

Within POD and its subordinate districts, all Commanders, Deputy Commanders, Special Assistants, Directors, Division, Office, and Branch Chiefs, all project managers, all regulatory, and their military equivalents are authorized to produce business cards in-house. District Commanders may authorize the purchase of business cards for additional staff positions within their Command at their discretion. Business cards produced within the organization will comply with the standard Corps business card design. Chulsoo is a PM and is therefore authorized to produce business cards in-house. He is not authorized to purchase them from a commercial source.

The voucher processor should not approve Chulsoo's request for reimbursement of the cost of the business cards. Further Chulsoo should not have used his travel card to purchase the business cards since they are personal items. Since the items are personal and not government purchased/produced business cards, they do not need to comply with the Corps standard but the regulation recommends that business cards comply with the standard design.

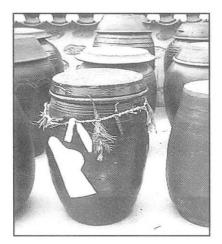
Did you know...

Traditional Kitchenware

Crockery and clay ware were an important part of daily life. Designed to reflect the surrounding nature, these pots were used to store and ferment Korean food, such as kanjang(soy sauce), koch'ujang (chilly paste), deonjang(soy bean paste), and kimch'i.

Individual pots preserve their contents from spoiling and can keep *kimch'i* fresh for a long time. The jars are made in special kilns through a method of reduction: flames and air are mixed into a fierce heat. Pine twigs are used to keep the flames intense, and the kiln's smokestack and fuel-hole are closed to intensify the heat. The clay ware controls the humidity and helps purify the jars.

A Korean saying states that every house's good taste comes from its *Jangdokdae*, which is the place where Koreans place the pots used to store fermented food.



Clay jars (danji)

Jangdokdae is usually in the backyard near the kitchen in a high area with plenty of sunshine and

good ventilation. Koreans place a base at the bottom of the *Jangdokdae* to keep away bugs.

Korean housewives cleaned the *Jangdokdae* everyday. Koreans often tied straw with red peppers and pieces of charcoal around the pots to try to prevent the flavor from changing. Sometimes they also drew traditional socks on the pot as a wish for the original flavor to come back. These practices stem from shamanistic practices.



Rice and soup bowls with tops

Things to do...

Nanta

Just when you thought noise in and around your house was enough to drive you nuts, well, you haven't heard anything yet. And you will be surprised to find that those annoying noises can be orchestrated into something worth a million ticket

sales.

The show 'Nanta', a hit musical performance that taps out the traditional rhythms of Korea by using everyday household items, is about to sell its millionth ticket to audiences in and out of Korea. PMC Productions, the creator of 'Nanta', said it reached 997,763 in ticket sales on March 14, 2002, and its two daily performances at the Seoul Jungdong 'Nanta' theatre are nearly sold out for every showing. It is a rare accomplishment for a Korean performance production to draw such an audience.

According to PMC productions, 'Nanta' has put on about 2300 shows both in and out of Korea since it opened in '97.

Outside of Korea, it has shown in 16 countries and 81 cities. There have been repeat tours in the U.S.,
England, Japan, Taiwan, Germany,
Austria and Netherlands. There have been 730,938 tickets sold within Korea and 266,6825 outside of Korea. 70% of visitors to the Jungdong 'Nanta' theatre are foreign tourists visiting Korea.

Nanta has received various awards and recognition in Korea, as it was recognized as the "Best Product of the Year" by Munhwa Ilbo and selected as one of "Korea's Top 10 Attractions" by the Korean National Tourism Organization.

For more information and ticket reservations, visit these internet sites: www.cookinworldwide.com or www.nanta.co.kr.



FED bids farewell to its "sun-sang-nim"!

It was the biggest crowd and the longest award ceremony I have seen, ever, put together for one man.

On March 18, 2002 more than one hundred FED employees gathered together to say good-bye and thank you to one of its most respected and valuable employees, Mr. O, Sung-sik, Acting Safety, Occupational Health Office Manager.

Mr. O, born and raised in Hwang-Hae-Do, Korea, began his 22-year career with the Far East District in 1977 as a KGS-11, General Engineer. Since then, he worked as a KGS-12, Supervisory Civil Engineer and on to his most current position as a KGS-12, Acting Safety, Occupational/Health manager.

During his 22-years of service, he established himself as a priceless addition to the FED and took the responsibility upon himself to become the role model and a mentor to many of those who had the privilege of working with him. Moreover, he was referred to as a sunsang-nim (teacher) by all for quality teaching and wealth of knowledge he shared with the FED as well as with the Korean contractors.

Mr. O began his career with the United States Army in 1964 as a KGS-9, Construction Inspector, and since then has received 20 Outstanding Performance Awards (1979-1999), 3 Sustained Superior Performance Awards (1982, 1983, & 1987), 3 Special Act Awards (1985, 1986, & 2000), a Hard Hat of the Year Award for Pacific Ocean Division (1987), Commander's Award for Civilian Service (1984) and many more.

Mr. O and his wife, Ms. Yi, Ok-hee, have three children; Mr. O, Yung-su, Mr. O, Bong-su and Ms. O, Soon-hae. They also have five grandchildren.

We wish him and his family well and much happiness!



Members of FED Safety & Health Office pose for a family photo after the farewell luncheon for Mr. O, Sung-sik (seated, left) and his wife, Ms. Yi, Ok-hee (seated, right).

New Member



On March 1 CPT Adam Rauch joined FED on a one-year assignment from Las Vegas, Nevada. CPT Rauch is the new Security, Plans & Operations Officer. He graduated from Embry Riddle Aeronautical University with a bachelor's degree in Aero Space Engineering. For fun, he enjoys volleyball, racquetball, softball, hiking and camping. He is married to Kathleen and they have two children, Jennifer (age 6), and Brittany (age 2).

Culture

(continued from page 2)

way we operate. Discuss your personal goals with your supervisor by using the Individual Development Plans (IDP), which is the supervisor's contract to support your plan. Every employee should ensure they have an updated IDP signed by their supervisor.

I would be interested in your opinions about our culture and how you believe it affects our operations or your personal aspirations. Feel free to talk to me or send me an email note with your ideas. Each and every FED employee is invaluable to our mission and a member of our family.

사령관메세지



COL Gregory Kuhr

문 확(Culture)

오늘은 FED의 문화와 이 문화가 우리의 성공에 미치는 영 향에 대해 이야기 하고자 합니다. 우리 조직의 문화는 직장에서 생 겨나는 직원들 간의 의견 충돌, 직 원들 간의 사교, 그리고 업무 처리 방법 등을 통해 나타납니다. 성공 적인 지도자는 각자 조직의 문화 에 대한 이해의 중요성에 대해 배 우게 됩니다. 그렇다면 과연 FED 의 문화란 무엇일까요?

문화란 한 조직의 직원들의 업무 및 생활 방식을 얘기합니다. 이것은 각자의 가치관, 전통, 풍습, 그리고 신념이 오랜 시간에 걸쳐 조직화된 것입니다. 이러한 문화를 통해 행동의 기준, 질서, 팀워크, 성실, 그리고 입무에 대한 충성심의 공동 의식이 생겨나는 것입니다. 여러분 모두가 문화에 대한 각자의 의견을 가지고 있으리라 생각합니다만, 이번 기회를 통해 저는 저의 의견을 여러분과나누려고 합니다.

첫째, 많은 FED의 직원들은 FED에 대한 긍지를 가지고 일을 하고 계실 거라 생각합니다. 매해 FED는 미군의 생활의 질을 향상시키기 위해 많은 노력과 투자를 하고 있습니다. 1957년 FED의 설립 이후, FED는 최상의품질을 생산하기로 널리 알려져 있습니다. 저는 저희의 고객으로부터, "일을 제대로 하려면 FED에 일을 의뢰해야 한다,"는 이야기를 많이 듣습니다. 이러한 우리의 명성은 우리가 더욱 열심히 일을 할 수 있도록 도와주는 활력소의 역할을 하기도 합니다.

둘째, FED는 한국 직원 (KN)과 미국 직원(US)으로 반씩 조성된 매우 특별한 조직입니다. KN 직원들은 FED에 각자의 독특 한 배경과 경험을 제공함으로서 우리에게 색다른 습관, 철학 그리 고 신념을 접할 수 있는 기회를 만 들어 줍니다. KN 직원들 중에는 FED에서 20년 이상을 근무한 직 원이 많은 반면, US 직원의 대부 분은 5년 정도를 근무합니다. 이 것은 우리의 큰 장점입니다. 그 이유는, KN 직원들이 그들의 오 랜 지식과 연속성을 제공하는 반 면, US 직원들은 다른 district에 서부터 가져오는 신기술과 지식을 제공 할 수 있기 때문입니다. 이 러한 결합은 old 와 new의 조화 를 잘 이루어 줍니다.

하지만 이러한 조화가 가 져다주는 조직의 단점도 없지 않 습니다. 지금까지 우리 조직의 문 화는 US 직원들이 고객과의 직접 적인 접촉을 하는 자리에 있고, KN 직원들은 다소 기술적인 자리 에 제한되어 있었던 것이 사실입 니다. 그리고 이러한 문화는 US 직원들이 대체적으로 감독자의 자 리에 있게 되는 결과를 초래하게 되었습니다. 언어의 장벽을 고려 했을 때에 어쩌면 이러한 동향은 당연할 수도 있습니다만, 이것은 계획되지 않은 결과입니다. 이로 인해 우리의 KN 직원들은 KGS-11 이상의 자리로 승진을 하는 데 에 어러움을 경험하기도 합니다.

윗사람을 존경하는 한국의 사회적 특성은 오랜 경험자를 존경함으로서 FED의 큰 힘이 되기도 합니다. 하지만 이러한 특성은 KN 직원들이 각자의 의견과 기술적 판단을 발표하는 데에 장애가 되기도 합니다. 그러한 반 면, US 직원들은 거리낌없이 자신의 의견을 발표하는 것을 보실 수있습니다. (다만, 항상 서로에 대한 최소한의 예의는 갖추어야겠죠) 어떤 상황이건 서로에 대한예우와 존중을 다한다면, 자신의의견과 반대되는 의견을 접하는 것도 우리가 더욱 튼튼한 조직으로 커 나가는 데에 힘이 될 수 있을 것이라고 믿습니다.

FED의 모든 직원들은 각 자의 가능성을 충분히 발휘하는 데에 있어 문화 또는 조직의 제한 을 받아서는 안됩니다. 만일 당신 의 가능성 또는 능력이 FED 내의 문화에 의해 최대한 발휘되지 못 하고 있다면, 변화를 제시한다는 것을 두려워 말고, 당신의 상사에 게 당신의 목표를 이야기하고 미 래에 대한 계획을 같이 세워 보도 록 합시다. 이것을 이루기 위해 Individual Development Plans (개인 개발 계획, IDP)를 사용하 는 것도 하나의 방법입니다. IDP 는 감독자/지휘자가 부하 직원의 계획을 지원하기로 약속하는 일종 의 계약서라고 설명할 수 있습니 다. 모든 직원은 해당 감독자/지 휘자의 서명이 된 최신 IDP를 소 지하고 있도록 합시다.

저는 여러분의 의견이 듣고 싶습니다. FED의 문화에 대한, 또 문화가 우리의 경영과 개인적 목표에 미치는 영향에 대한 좋은 의견이 있으신 분은 저에게 그의견을 들을 수 있는 기회를 주시기 바랍니다. 여러분 모두가 FED에 없어서는 안될 자산임을 잊지마십시오.

巾 IJŀ



by LTC Charles Markham Deputy Commander

Update

Calender

하니다. 그 글을 통해 다가오는 정리 해 드 당 지구의 이벤트와 방문으로 여느 봄 안녕하셨습니까? 이 면한 봄이 찾아왔습니다. 봄 = 제절은 우리에게는 바쁜 1 시작을 뜻하기도 합니다. 찾아왔습니다. 봄 우리에게는 바쁜 행사와 기념일을 정리 해 같습니다. 도 더 바쁠 것 같습! 여러분에게 이번 들 간단하게 앞으로 ! 래서 여러분에게 짧고 간단하게 주요 행사와 기반 손님들의 阳 먼저 の祖 의 보다 사 고 완연한

回る中

다. 또한 현재 안전과 에서는 새 로운 안전 슬로건을 찾고 있으니 좋은 아이디어가 있으신 분은 안 전과로 연락 주시기 바랍니다. 5 월 24일 금요일은 쿠어 사령관님 의 작별 피크닉이 있겠습니다. 이 먼저 5월 14일에는 Jack 씨의 정년 퇴직 점심 식사 니다. 지금까지 그가 공무 근무하며 보낸 세월과 그 에 대한 경의를 표하는 날 을 장소와 시간을 알리는 공적으로 이 날 여러분의 아이 일이 많은 참여와 피크닉을 재미 인사와 기 바랍니다. 5월 22일은 FED의 Safety Day (안전의 날)입니다. 일수 있는 기회가 있을 여러분의 많은 참여와 디어와 참여를 부탁드리고 있습니 있을 예정 이날 각 사무실과 branch 에 나유익한, 그러고 ㅇ . 라만들고자합니다. Safety Day (안전의 날)일 안전과 에서는 성공적으로 을 계획하기 위해 여러분의 특별한 작별 지역에서 - 있습니다. 지금 으로 근무하며 Church씨의 정년 |크닉은 빌딩 |의 피크닉 지 0 각자의 四四四回 의 노고에 이니만큼 이피일을 누고에 大なななななななる。 でいる。 では、 でいる。 00 の日

대평양 사단의 BG 그의 부인도 함께 발송될 꼭 잠석 행사를 가 그의 班司 Change of 예정 입니다. 새로 오실 COL Frank Kosich (프랭크 카시치 사령관)폐 口円 고 이 두 손님들 모두는 6월 10일 9시에 있을 FED의 Change of はいい 날 아침에 당 지구의 타운 홀 미 이 있을 예정입니다. 이번 돈 홀 미팅의 장소가 결정되는 즉장소를 당리는 이메일이 발경예정이니 주의해 보시고 꼭 현을 하시기 바랍니다. 이 행사끝으로 LTG Flowers님과 그부인은 6월 12일 한국을 떠나기로 예정되어 있습니다. のなり Command 행사에 참여하실 이 행사 이후 방문해 FED에 대한 경의를 는 행사를 가질 예정입니다. 그의 부인이 행사를 통해 FED의 智口다 방문하시계 됩니 방문과 동시에 I Johnsonll平 됩니다. Flowers님과 0 서 이 맡게

Organizational Day입니다. 이행사를 통해 새로 오신 카시치 사렴관께서는 더 많은 여러분을 만나실 수 있을 것입니다. 또한 이달 DoD 학교는 공식 휴교를 하기 때 6월 14일 금요일에는 또 하나의 중요한 행사가 예정되어 있습니다. 바로 District's 不过 난 행사들과 마찬 음식과 재미있는 것입니다. 있을 것입! 행사들과 후교를 하 여러분의 것입니다 행사는 지난 행사에는 界있는 잠석 할 0 문에 분들도 가지로 の社

떠나 USACE 코스를 거쳐 돌아오시게 사령관님은 가족과 함께 한국으로 15일쯤 한국을 코시치

FED에 대해 많은 지식을 가지고 있습니다. 저는 그가 FED에 도착 하자마자 아무 문제없이 그의 임 무를 잘 이행해 나갈 것으로 믿어 의심치 않습니다. LTC Paul Cramer (폴 크레이머 부사령관)께서는 7월 17일 한국 에 도착하시게 됩니다. 그는 전 正足列巨 戦으ロ로 후임자가 동두천 지역 사무실의 엔지니어로 근무하기도

곤주의 포트랜드입니다. 그곳에서 저는 포트랜드 지구의 부사령관직을 맡게 되었습니다. 저희 가족은 계속해서 USACE의 가족일 수 있 는 것을 다랭으로 생각하며, 새로 시작하게 되는 미국 서부에서의 사 전 교 정교 일 일 일 27일자로 후 저는 6월 27일자로 후 예정입니다. 저와 가음 목적지는 미국 心口 가족의

더 많은 소 그리고 사 대한 기대에 차 있습니다. 위에서 말씀드린 모든 행 of 에 도와주실 지원자를 찾고 있습니다. 여러분의 많은 참여와 관심 사와 기념일들에 대한 더 많은 식을 기다려 주십시오. 그리고 / 령 관의 송 별 회, Change o Command 행 사 , Organization Day를 준비하는 부탁드립니다. 二 。

표어인 "안전에 가"를 기억하시기 생각하시 요기 안전을 없다"를 마지막으로, 안전 刘 항상 행동 우리의 안 고, 우리의 인 대한 대안은 바랍니다. 多な 0

Serving the District and you!

말라리아의 출현 처음으 한국에도 1993년

시작되었다

한국 전 지역에서 나타나지만 특히 서울의 가장 높은 빈도의 말라리아 전염 발생비율 다음은 FED에 제공된 말라리아에 관한 정 이 시작되었 말라리아는 북쪽지역이 을 보인다. 보다.

로마니스TC 달라니아 병원층의 기생층에 의해 산해지는 심각하고, 치명적이라 할 수 있는 질병이다. 사람은 말라리아에 걸리게 된다. 그 기생층은 모기의 임으로부터 사람의 피로 들어가며 사람의 간으로 이동 한후 간의 세포로 침입하고, 그곳에서 자라며 번식한 다. 이 기생층이 간에 있는 그 기간동안에 사람은 아 픈것을 아직 느끼지 못한다. 그것이 간을 떠나 적혈구 에 들어간다? 이것은 8일 내지 몇달이 걸릴 수도 있다. 일단 적혈구안으로 들어가면 그 기생층은 또 그곳에서 자라고 번식한다. 적혈구가 과열되면, 또 다른 적혈구 를 자유롭게 공격한다. 이 과정에서 독소가 피속으로 방출되며, 그때부터 사람은 몸이 아픈 것을 느끼게 된다.



근육통증, 사가 또한 山田町 설사가 子で 증상은 열과 감기와 같 몸을 떨게되고, 두통과 구토증상 느낀다. 메스꺼움과 수반하며, 오한으로 말라리아의 괴곤함을 동반된다. 말라리아는

公 了 了 파괴하므로 빈혈이나 황달 동반된다. 알라리아는 적혈구를 피 5상을 보이기도 한다.

이 기생충이 |작하면, 사람 대부분의 사람들은, 감염이후 10일에서 4주정도쯤에 증상이 나타나며, 짧게는 8일 길게는 1년이걸린후에야 아픔을 느끼기도 한다. P. VIVAX (기생충) 는 재발될 수 있다: 왜냐하면 기생충은 감염된 모기에 물린 사람의 가에서 몇 다리 그 그때. 기에 물린 사람의 간에서 몇 달에서 길게는 4년 휴지기를 갖고 있을 수 있기 때문이다. 이 기생 동면에서 깨어나서 적혈구에 첨입하기 시작하면, 은 그때부터 아픔을 느끼기 시작할 것이다.

학의 형태나 치료의 기간은 진단된 말라리아의 하의 형태나 치료의 기간은 진단된 말라리아의 초기치료당시 환자 있다. 약의 형태나 치료의 기산는 종류, 감염된 지역, 환자의 연령, 또

질병의 정도에 따라 달라진다

첫번째 방어잭은 수 있는 말라리아를 예방할

번역 : 진현정(안전과)

(Parent's

노인에 5월 8일은 어버이날이다. 모두가 알다시피 어버이 조상과 어버이에 대한 은혜를 헤아리고 어른과 날은 조상과 어버이에 대한 은혜들 허대한 존경과 보호를 다짐하는 날이다.

한국은 "어버이날" 이며, 미국은 "아버지의 날"과 "어머니의 날"이 따로 정해져 있는가에 대해 알아보고 글을 쓰려고 했었 다. 그것이 양국의 현대 문화와 생활에 밀접한 관계가 있을 것이라는 생각을 했기 때문이다. 를 헤아리는 마음이 동양에 비해 부족할 것이라고 생각한 본 인은 어버이날의 시작이 서양이었다는 사실에 놀라지 않을 수 없었다. 어버이날의 시작은 사순절의 첫날부터 4번째 일 요일에 어버이의 영혼에 감사하기 위해 교회를 찾는 영국과 그리스의 풍습과 미국의 한 효녀로부터 시작된 것이라는 것 처음에는 왜 서양의 문화는 어른과 조상에 대한 존경과 그 은혜 은 특별히 주사하지 않는 이상 쉽게 접할 수 없는 이야기이 다. 본인도 이 글을 준비하며 알아낸 사실이다. 처음에는 왜

전 미국 버지니아 주 웹스터 마을에 "안나 자이비스"란 소녀 가 어머니와 단란하게 살았었는데, 불행하게도 어느 날 사랑 하는 어머니를 여의게 되었다. 소녀는 어머니의 장례를 엄숙 히 치르고 그 산소 주위에 어머니가 평소 좋아하시던 카네이 션 꽃을 심었다. 그리고 항상 어머니 생전에 잘 모시지 못한 것을 후회하였다. 어버이날의 유래를 살펴보면, 지금부터 약 100여년

16페이지에서 계속

FED의 새가쪽



지난 3월 1일 Captain Adams Rauch 가 FED Emergency Office의 새 가족이 되었다. 그는 미국 네바다주의 라스 베가스 출신으로 미 육군 예비군이다. 그는 Embry Riddle Aeronautical University에서 우주공학을 전공하여 학사 학위를 받았다. 그는 여가 시간에 배구, 소프트볼, 라켓볼, 등산, 그리고 캠핑을 즐기며, 그의

가족은 부인 Kathleen 과 두 딸 Jennifer (6세) 와 Brittany (2세) 이며 그들은 현재 라스 베가스에서 거주하고 있다. 그는 지난 4년간 미국의 G.C. Wallace Engineering 회사에서 근무하였으며, 예비군으로써 지난 3년간 일본 공병단의 RSO&I 훈련에 참가한 경험이 있다.

15페이지에이어서

소녀는 어느 모임에 참석하면서 흰 카네이션을 가슴에 달고 나갔었다. 보는 사람들이 그 이유를 물었더니 그 소녀는 대답하기를 "어머님이 그리워 어머니 산소에 있는 카네이션과 똑같은 꽃을 달고 나왔다"라고 말하였다. 안나는 그후 어머니를 잘 모시자는 운동을 벌였고 1904년에 시애틀에서 어머니날 행사가처음 개최되었다. 그리하여 이 날에는 어머님이 살아 계신 분은 붉은 카네이션을 가슴에 달아 드리고, 어머니가 돌아가신 분은 자기 가슴에 흰 카네이션을 달게되었던 것이다.

그 후 미국에서는 1914년 미국의 제 28대 대통령 T.W. 윌슨이 5월의 두번째 일요일을 어머니의 날로 정하였고, 점차 전세계적으로 관습화되었다. 우리나라에서는 1956년에 5월 8일을 어버이날로 정하였으며, 그 위 1972년에 명칭을 어버이날로 바꾸어 국가적인 행사로 삼고 있다.

한국에서는 어머니뿐만 아니라 아버지, 할아버지, 할머니까지 포함하고, 조상과 모든 어른을 위한 날로 규정하였 다. 원래의 '어머니날'을 1974년부터 개 청하였고, 보건 복지부에서 주관하며 공 휴일은 아니다. 1973년 3월 30일 대통령 으로 '각종 기념일 등에 관한 규정'을 공 포, 시행하여 정부 주관 기념일로 정하였 다.

부모에 대한 효성은 서양 사람들보다 동양 사람들이 더욱 돈독하였었다. 한국의 조상들은 부모님에 대한 효성을 모든 행동의 근본으로 삼았고, 부모님을 위해서라면 아무리 어려운 일이라도 해내었었다. 세계의 모든 부모님은 자녀들을 위하여 추우나 더우나 모든 괴로움을 무릅쓰고 우리를 길러 주시고 또

항상 걱정을 하신다. 그러나 자식된 우리들은 이러한 부모님의 마음을 잘 알지 못하는 경우가 많다.

효도란 어떻게 하는 것일까? 그것은 다름 아닌 부모님의 마음을 편안 하게 해 드리는 것이다. 그러기 위해서 는 부모님께 걱정 끼쳐 드리지 않고 우리 가 해야 할 일을 열심히 하는 것이다.

위의 정보는

www.user.chollian.net/~mypc21/parents day.htm을 참고로 한 글이다.

도덕에대한 낄문

질문: 철수는 프로젝트 매니저 이고 영희는 엔지니어이다. 이 둘은 말 레이시아 군부대의 병원을 건축하는 사 업을 따오기 위해 FED의 팀원으로 말레 이시아를 출장 중이다. 근무시간 이후 외출 중 이 둘은 한 인쇄소를 발견하고, 자신들의 마지막 명함을 말레이시아 군 관계자와의 미팅중에 나누어 준 것을 기 억, 이곳에서 새로 명함을 만들기로 한다. 한참을 깎고, 또 깎은 결과, 각 각 500장 의 명함을 만들기로 하고 디자인과 가격 에 합의를 본다. 디자인은 말레이시아 군 공병대의 디자인을 따르기로 하고 가 격은 각 각 (USD) \$250에 하기로 한다. 철수는 이것을 자신의 공무 여행 크레디 트 카드로 결제하고, 영희는 현찰로 결제 한다. 출장에서 돌아온 후, 철수는 명합 에 대한 금액을 출장 증명서에 올려 청구 하고 영희는 명함 비용으로 지급한 금액 에 대한 청구를 하지 않는다. 참고로, 철

수와 영희 모두 공무 중 이때 만든 명합을 사용했다. 만일 당신이 철수의 출장 증명서를 처리한다면, 명합에 대한 청구액을 어떻게 처리할 것이며, 그 이유는 무엇인가? 과연 철수와 영희는 말레이시 아에서 만든 명합을 사용해도 되는가?

이 표준화된 것이기를 추정하고 있다. 필요는 없지만, 규정에서는 그 디자인 이 공용단이 포도 디자인과 탓아야 화 인 것으로 관명되기 때문에 그 디자인 튜네이VION에서 따든 유료이 개인적 로 처리하지 말았어야 했다. 철수가 할 때 그의 공무 여행 크레디트 카드 개인적 명함에 대한 인쇄비용을 처리 여서는 안 된다. 또한, 철수는 자신의 요롸 이제미용에 대화 외노를 우이와 통장 응명서를 취되와는 对원은 그러 /사용 할 수는 없다. 그러므로 칠수의 아시만, 외부 인쇄소에서 명함을 제작 서 사내에서 제작된 명확이 억용된다. 어 있다. 철수는 프로젝트 매니저로 공용단 명화이 디자인을 따르도록 되 화이 있다. 사내 제작된 명함은 표준 을 가질 수 있도록 허락할 수 있는 권 지구의 사용관은 그 외의 작원이 명함 을 가질 수 있게 되어 있다. 또한 각 설임 In-house (M-M) 제작된 명함 고 모든 정식 적원 및 그와 동등한 군 branch chiefs, 프로젝트 매니저, 그리 directors, division chiefs, office chiefs, 모든 사령관, 부사령관, 특수 보조관, 는다. POD와 그의 하급 지구에서는 정구가 억용되는 상황에 포함되지 양 매수 세환되어 있으며, 철수의 경우는 없다. 정부에 청구할 수 있는 것들은 수된 명취을 정부의 돈으로 결제할 수 序: DoD라 DA 규정상, 외부에서 제